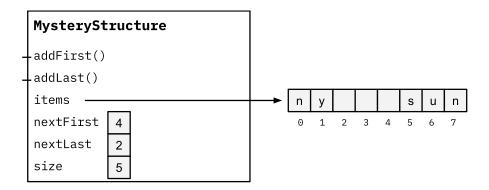
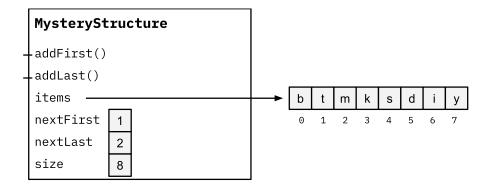
## 1 In Circles

Consider the mystery class MysteryStructure, with the state shown below.



- (a) Based on what you can infer from the class's associated methods and instance variables, what data structure does this class represent?
- (b) What list of elements does this data structure represent? Write them out from first to last. How do you know?

Consider a completely new MysteryStructure. It's looking pretty cozy in that backing array!



- (c) What list of elements does this new object represent? Write them out from first to last.
- (d) Draw what the backing array would look like after calling addLast("a") on this data structure. What would nextFirst, nextLast, and size be equal to?

Assume this data structure uses a scaling factor of 2.

## 2 It's a Bird! It's a Plane! It's a CatBus!

(a) On a research expedition studying air traffic, we discovered a new species: the Flying Interfacing CatBus, which acts like a vehicle and has the ability to make noise (safety is important!).

Given the Vehicle and Noisemaker interfaces, fill out the CatBus class so that CatBuses can rev their engines and make noise at other CatBuses with a CatBus-specific sound.

```
interface Vehicle {
   public void revEngine();
}
interface Noisemaker {
   public void makeNoise();
}
public class CatBus ______, _____ { {
    @Override
                    ____ { /* CatBus revs engine, code not shown */ }
    @Override
                     \underline{\phantom{a}} _____ { /* CatBus makes noise, code not shown */}
    /** Allows CatBus to make noise at other CatBuses. */
   public void conversation(CatBus target) {
       makeNoise();
       target.makeNoise();
    }
}
```

(b) It's a lovely morning in the skies and we've encountered a horrible Goose, which also implements Noisemaker (it has a knife in its beak!). Modify the conversation method signature so that CatBuses can makeNoise at both CatBus and Goose objects while only having one argument, target.

## 3 Default

Suppose we have a MyQueue interface that we want to implement. We want to add two default methods to the interface: clear, remove and max. Fill in these methods in the code below.

```
public interface MyQueue<E> {
    void enqueue(E element); // adds an element to the end of the queue
    E dequeue();
                            // removes and returns the front element of the queue
    boolean isEmpty();
                            // returns true if the queue is empty
    int size();
                            // returns the number of elements in the queue
    // removes all items from the queue
    default void clear() {
    }
    // removes all items equal to item from the queue
    // the remaining items should be in the same order as they were before
    default void remove(E item) {
    }
    // returns the maximum element in the queue according to the comparator
    // the items in the queue should be in the same order as they were before
    // assume the queue is not empty
    default E max(Comparator<E> c) {
```

```
}
```